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To amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit a health care practitioner from failing to exercise the proper degree of care in the case of a child who survives an abortion or attempted abortion.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr.	SASSE	introduced	the	following	bill;	which	was	read	twice	and	referred
		to the C	'om	mittee on							

A BILL

- To amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit a health care practitioner from failing to exercise the proper degree of care in the case of a child who survives an abortion or attempted abortion.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Born-Alive Abortion
 - 5 Survivors Protection Act".
 - 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
 - 7 Congress finds as follows:

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1	(1) If an abortion results in the live birth of an
2	infant, the infant is a legal person for all purposes
3	under the laws of the United States, and entitled to
4	all the protections of such laws.
5	(2) Any infant born alive after an abortion or
6	within a hospital, clinic, or other facility has the
7	same claim to the protection of the law that would
8	arise for any newborn, or for any person who comes
9	to a hospital, clinic, or other facility for screening
10	and treatment or otherwise becomes a patient within
11	its care.
12	SEC. 3. BORN-ALIVE INFANTS PROTECTION.
13	(a) REQUIREMENTS PERTAINING TO BORN-ALIVE
14	Abortion Survivors.—Chapter 74 of title 18, United
15	States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1531
16	the following:
17	"§ 1532. Requirements pertaining to born-alive abor-
18	tion survivors
19	"(a) REQUIREMENTS FOR HEALTH CARE PRACTI-
20	TIONERS.—In the case of an abortion or attempted abor-
21	tion that results in a child born alive (as defined in section
22	8 of title 1, United States Code (commonly known as the
23	'Born-Alive Infants Protection Act')):
24	"(1) DEGREE OF CARE REQUIRED; IMMEDIATE

ADMISSION TO A HOSPITAL.—Any health care practi-

1	tioner present at the time the child is born alive
2	shall—
3	"(A) exercise the same degree of profes-
4	sional skill, care, and diligence to preserve the
5	life and health of the child as a reasonably dili-
6	gent and conscientious health care practitioner
7	would render to any other child born alive at
8	the same gestational age; and
9	"(B) following the exercise of skill, care,
10	and diligence required under subparagraph (A),
11	ensure that the child born alive is immediately
12	transported and admitted to a hospital.
13	"(2) Mandatory reporting of viola-
14	TIONS.—A health care practitioner or any employee
15	of a hospital, a physician's office, or an abortion
16	clinic who has knowledge of a failure to comply with
17	the requirements of paragraph (1) shall immediately
18	report the failure to an appropriate State or Federal
19	law enforcement agency, or to both.
20	"(b) Penalties.—
21	"(1) In General.—Whoever violates subsection
22	(a) shall be fined under this title or imprisoned for
23	not more than 5 years, or both.
24	"(2) Intentional killing of child born
25	ALIVE.—Whoever intentionally performs or attempts

1	to perform an overt act that kills a child born alive
2	described under subsection (a), shall be punished as
3	under section 1111 of this title for intentionally kill-
4	ing or attempting to kill a human being.
5	"(c) BAR TO PROSECUTION.—The mother of a child
6	born alive described under subsection (a) may not be pros-
7	ecuted under this section, for conspiracy to violate this
8	section, or for an offense under section 3 or 4 of this title
9	based on such a violation.
10	"(d) Civil Remedies.—
11	"(1) CIVIL ACTION BY A WOMAN ON WHOM AN
12	ABORTION IS PERFORMED.—If a child is born alive
13	and there is a violation of subsection (a), the woman
14	upon whom the abortion was performed or at-
15	tempted may, in a civil action against any person
16	who committed the violation, obtain appropriate re-
17	lief.
18	"(2) APPROPRIATE RELIEF.—Appropriate relief
19	in a civil action under this subsection includes—
20	"(A) objectively verifiable money damage
21	for all injuries, psychological and physical, occa-
22	sioned by the violation of subsection (a);
23	"(B) statutory damages equal to 3 times
24	the cost of the abortion or attempted abortion;
25	and

1	"(C) punitive damages.
2	"(3) ATTORNEY'S FEE FOR PLAINTIFF.—The
3	court shall award a reasonable attorney's fee to a
4	prevailing plaintiff in a civil action under this sub-
5	section.
6	"(4) ATTORNEY'S FEE FOR DEFENDANT.—If a
7	defendant in a civil action under this subsection pre-
8	vails and the court finds that the plaintiff's suit was
9	frivolous, the court shall award a reasonable attor-
10	ney's fee in favor of the defendant against the plain-
1	tiff.
12	"(e) Definitions.—In this section the following
13	definitions apply:
14	"(1) Abortion.—The term 'abortion' means
15	the use or prescription of any instrument, medicine,
16	drug, or any other substance or device—
17	"(A) to intentionally kill the unborn child
18	of a woman known to be pregnant; or
19	"(B) to intentionally terminate the preg-
20	nancy of a woman known to be pregnant, with
21	an intention other than—
22	"(i) after viability, to produce a live
23	birth and preserve the life and health of
24	the child born alive; or
25	"(ii) to remove a dead unborn whild

1	"(2) ATTEMPT.—The term 'attempt', with re-
2	spect to an abortion, means conduct that, under the
3	circumstances as the actor believes them to be, con-
4	stitutes a substantial step in a course of conduct
5	planned to culminate in performing an abortion.".
5	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
7	for chapter 74 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
3	by inserting after the item pertaining to section 1531 the
)	following:

[&]quot;1532. Requirements pertaining to born-alive abortion survivors.".